



## Galileo and EGNOS programmes

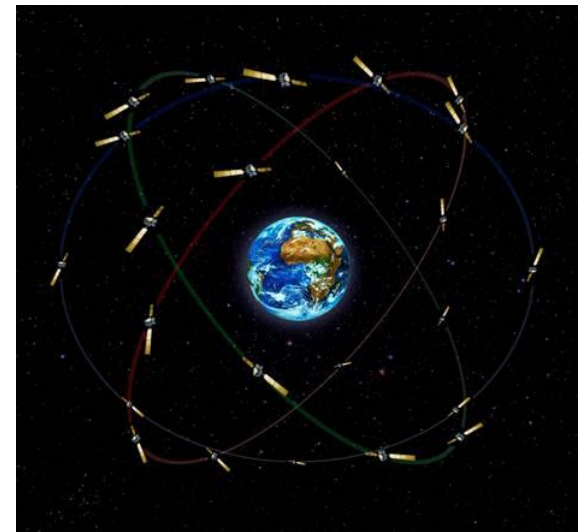






- ★ **Europe has set ambitious political objectives to contribute to the provision of satellite navigation services to the world**
- ★ **Two major complementary programmes are running in parallel:**
  - ★ **Galileo**
  - ★ **EGNOS**
- ★ **Both programmes are managed by the European Commission under fully public funding.**




## Galileo enhances Europe's technological independence

- ★ The first global satellite positioning, navigation, and timing system, designed and operated under civil control
- ★ As of 2008, financed entirely by the European Union and managed by the European Commission
- ★ Provides Europe independence from other similar systems and greater robustness
- ★ Targeted to be interoperable with other GNSS to facilitate their combined use and to offer better performances for all kinds of user communities worldwide



|  |  |  |
|--|--|--|
| <b>Open Service (OS)</b>               | Freely accessible service for positioning, navigation and timing               |   |
| <b>Public Regulated Service (PRS)</b>  | Encrypted service designed for greater robustness and higher availability      |   |
| <b>Search and Rescue Service (SAR)</b> | Assists locating people in distress and confirms that help is on the way       |   |
| <b>Commercial Service (CS)</b>         | Delivers authentication and high accuracy services for commercial applications |  |

The former "Safety-of-Life" service is being re-profiled:

|                                     |   |   |
|-------------------------------------|---|---|
| <b>Integrity Monitoring Service</b> | Provides vital integrity information for life-critical applications |  |
|-------------------------------------|---|---|








Navigation solutions powered by Europe



## EGNOS services will be delivered on a long-term basis

|   |  |                              |   |
|---|--|------------------------------|---|
| <b>Open Service (OS)</b>                | Accuracy ~1m, free   | Available since October 2009 |  |
| <b>Safety of Life Service (SoL)</b>     | Accuracy ~1m, compliant to aviation standards              | Available since March 2011   |  |
| <b>EGNOS Data Access Service (EDAS)</b> | Accuracy <1m, corrections provided by terrestrial networks | Available since July 2012    |  |

**REGULATION (EU) No 1285/2013 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL  
of 11 December 2013**

**on the implementation and exploitation of European satellite navigation systems and repealing  
Council Regulation (EC) No 876/2002 and Regulation (EC) No 683/2008 of the European  
Parliament and of the Council**

- ✓ A stable 7 years perspective
- ✓ A substantial budget
- ✓ A new governance scheme driven by exploitation

**2014-2020**

- ☐ **1,930 B€ for Galileo Deployment**
- ☐ **3 B€ for Galileo Exploitation**
- ☐ **1,580 B€ EGNOS Exploitation**







First four satellites (IOV) launched in 2011 and 2012

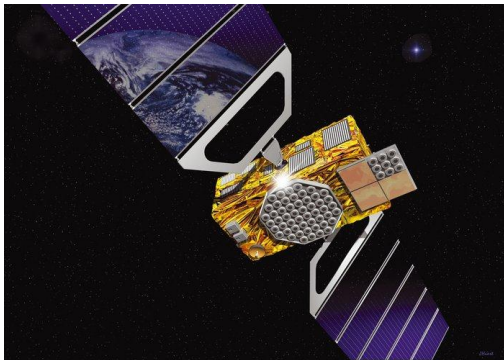
Satellite 5 & 6 are recovered and safe on improved orbits

Satellite 7 & 8 launched on 27 March 2015

Satellite 9 & 10 launched on 11 September 2015

26 satellites to be launched by 2018

- ★ The final review of Galileo In Orbit Validation Phase was successfully concluded in the beginning of 2014
- ★ The programme is now in its full operational capability phase



## Galileo is implemented in a step-wise approach

### By 2020 Galileo will be:

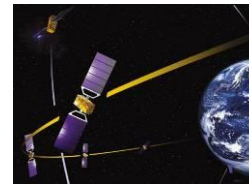
- ★ fully deployed and recognised
- ★ adopted by the widest user communities
- ★ a civilian infrastructure delivering robust positioning and timing services with high degree of performances

**Galileo System Testbed v1**  
Validation of critical algorithms

**2003**



**GIOVE A/B**  
2 test satellites  
**2005/2008**



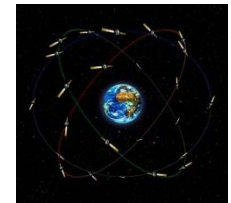
**In-Orbit Validation**  
4 fully operational satellites  
and ground segment

**2013**



**Initial Operational Capability**  
Initial services

**2016**



**Full Operational Capability**  
Full services, 30 satellites





Galileo intends to deliver high quality and reliable services to the world and plans to continue introducing innovative features over time



★ In the near future, most communities will be targeting service levels only available through multi-constellation services

- ★ It is therefore important to:
- Continue improving signal compatibility and service interoperability with other providers
  - Cooperate for multi-constellation service provision



# ★ GNSS Cooperation between The European Union & China



Deploying the infrastructure

Providing services as they  
come on stream

Establishing Galileo in the  
market





Navigation solutions powered by Europe

**Thank you for your attention**

<http://ec.europa.eu/galileo>  
<http://ec.europa.eu/egnosc>